

Business Property Relief Changes Explained

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Your hosts



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What we'll be covering today

- **01** Current rules
- **02** BPR / APR changes
- O3 Current position and planning opportunities
- 04 How trusts can help
- 05 Other points
- 06 Questions



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Current rules



Current rules: business property relief (BPR)

100% relief from inheritance tax (IHT) for:

- A business or an interest in a business (e.g. sole traders or partnership)
- Shares in an unlisted company, including AIM shares
- Unquoted securities in a company that the individual controls

50% relief from IHT for:

- Shares in a quoted trading company (if the transferor had control)
- Land, buildings, or machinery owned personally but used in a qualifying business

Key conditions:

- Must be an interest in a business which is wholly or mainly trading
- Asset owned for, and business meets the trading conditions for, at least two years
- Applies to UK and non-UK businesses
- Excepted assets / excluded subsidiaries



Current rules: business property relief (BPR)

- A business is wholly or mainly trading (50.1% trading is mainly trading)
- This includes shares in holding companies of trading groups
- No BPR can be claimed on value attributed to excepted assets. Common issues:
 - Cash
 - Property not used in business (property investment is not trading)
- Hybrid businesses?
- Consider restructuring/grouping where someone holds shares in trading companies and investment companies?
- Applying for clearance



Current rules: agricultural property relief (APR)

100% relief from IHT for:

- Land, buildings and assets personally farmed
- Land used by someone else on a short-term grazing licence
- Land or buildings let on a tenancy that began on or after 1 September 1995
- Separate conditions for property owned pre 10 March 1981

50% relief from IHT for:

Land let on a tenancy that began before 1 September 1995

Key conditions:

- Owned and occupied for agricultural purposes for two years if used personally
- Owned and occupied for agricultural purposes for seven years if used by someone else
- Only applies to agricultural value
- Must be part of a working farm in the UK



BPR / APR changes



BPR Changes: timeline

23 April 2025

End of eight-week technical consultation on application to trusts and lifetime transfers

15 September 2025

End of consultation period

TBC

Final legislation to be published

30 October 2024

Government announces major reforms to BPR & APR

21 July 2025

Draft Finance Bill 2025-26 published

7 October 2025

Finance Bill Sub-Committee's call for evidence to end

6 April 2026

Legislation to be enacted and changes to take effect

Other key changes in the draft legislation we are not covering on this webinar: IHT on pensions, PISCES, carried interest, employee car ownership schemes, umbrella companies



BPR / APR: high level changes

- No major changes to the core qualifying conditions
- £1 million cap on combined APR and BPR at 100% relief
- Unused allowance is not transferable to spouse or civil partner
- 50% relief applies above the £1 million cap effective IHT rate of 20%
- Relief for AIM share restricted to 50% and not included at all in 100% relief
- IHT can be paid in 10 equal annual instalments, interest-free
- APR extended to land withdrawn from agricultural use under a qualifying environmental management agreement



BPR / APR: recent example of IHT advice

- Trading company worth £15m owned by single shareholder
- If they die before 6 April 2026, there will be no IHT due
- If they die on or after 6 April 2026, there will be £2.8m of IHT
- This can be deferred over and paid in equal instalments over ten years. Executors will still need to find £280k per year to pay the IHT
- Additional complication of there being over £1m of cash in the business for a "future project". This
 could be an excepted asset
- It is too late to make a BPR qualifying potentially exempt transfer (PET) now



Current position and planning opportunities



Current position

- For death pre- 6 April 2026, the current rules will apply
- For death post- 6 April 2026, the new rules will apply
- Effect on PETs if donor dies post- 5 April 2026:
 - PET before 30 October 2024 old rules apply
 - PET on or after 30 October 2024 anti-forestalling measures included in legislation, so new rules will apply
 - No IHT implications if donor survives seven years
 - Taper relief if donor survives more than three years
 - £1m allowance refreshes after seven years
 - Donee is liable to pay the IHT can pay in instalments provided they still own the asset



New thinking around business assets

- Changed mindset with assets that were previously exempt lifetime planning is now critical and more
 in line with other assets.
- Structure of wills
- How assets are held with spouse
- Insurance is current insurance sufficient?
- Gifting shares to family members during lifetime
 - Need to survive seven years
 - Need to consider capital gains tax (CGT) rules are different
- Use of holding companies / family investment companies (FICs) to diversify holdings
- Consider the use of trusts



How trusts can help



How trusts can help: summary of rules

- Pre-commencement trusts (settlements)
 - Commenced before 30 October 2024
 - Each settlement will get £1m allowance
 - Must have had "an amount" of qualifying assets on 29 October 2024
 - Nothing should be added which could affect future treatment
 - Qualifying assets can be purchased by the trust
- Post-commencement
 - Commenced on or after 30 October 2024
 - Maximum of £1m allowance is shared amongst all settlements created by same settlor based on qualifying value and order of settlement
 - Allowance is capped at value of qualifying assets settled
 - i.e. if £100 of shares which increases in value to £1m, only £100 of allowance can ever be claimed



How trusts can help: other points

- 3% IHT charge every 10 years. This can be paid over 10 years interest free. Effective charge of 0.3% every year more manageable than the tax on death
- £1m allowance refreshes every seven years for transfers into trust
- £1m allowance is used up by capital distributions, but then refreshes at the 10-year anniversary
 - i.e. a capital distribution, qualifying for BPR, of £200k before the 10-year anniversary. Only £800k of BPR can be claimed at the 10-year anniversary
 - If there is a BPR capital distribution of £1m or more, there will be no allowance available for future capital distributions before the next 10-year anniversary
- Pre-commencement trust will be brought into the new regime on their next 10-year anniversary
 - The 10-year anniversary charge will be based on a combination of the old and new rules



Other points



Other points

- Asset held personally and used for a business only qualifies for 50% BPR. Consider adding these to a company or group structure
- Valuation of business property is going to be more important and is likely to be scrutinised by HMRC.
 Especially minority discounts
- How are existing wills drafted? Do they specifically mention BPR qualifying assets going into trust or to the next generation?
- Don't leave planning and transferring into trust to the last minute
- This is only based on draft legislation and could be subject to further changes



How we can help

- Consider general estate planning
- Determine whether BPR is available (care re excepted assets)
- Lifetime planning:
 - Gifts
 - Spousal planning
 - Insurance
 - International aspects
 - Wills!
- Are trusts appropriate?



Questions?



Thank you



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